

精熟學習

1. 試利用微分公式 $df \doteq \Delta f$ 求 $\sqrt{100.01}$ 之近似值 (微分求近似值)

(A) 10.003 (B) 10.02 (C) 10.05 (D) 10.005

SOL:

(1) 設 $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$

(2) 微分公式 $f(x + \Delta x) \doteq f(x) + f'(x)\Delta x$

(3) 令 $x = 100$, $\Delta x = 0.01$ $f(100 + 0.01) \doteq f(100) + f'(100)0.01$

$$\sqrt{100.01} \doteq 10 + \frac{1}{20}0.01 = 10.005$$

故選(D)

2. 微分估計近似值之敘述何者不真(微分求近似值觀念)

(A) 利用 $df \doteq \Delta f$ 觀念求近似值

(B) $|\Delta x|$ 愈接近 0 估計值愈準確

(C) 微分估計近似值是利用割線逼近切線斜率的觀念

(D) 微分估計近似值公式為 $f(x + \Delta x) \doteq f(x) - f'(x) \cdot \Delta x$

SOL:

(A) 利用 $df \doteq \Delta f$ 觀念求近似值....(正確)

(B) $|\Delta x|$ 愈接近 0 估計值愈準確....(正確)

(C) 微分估計近似值是利用割線逼近切線斜率的觀念....(正確)

(D) 微分估計近似值公式為 $f(x + \Delta x) \doteq f(x) - f'(x) \cdot \Delta x$ (不正確)

正確的微分估計近似值公式為 $f(x + \Delta x) \doteq f(x) + f'(x) \cdot \Delta x$

故選(D)

3. 試求 $f(x) = e^x$ 在 $x = 0$ 的之馬克勞林級數展開式(馬克勞林級數)

SOL: 馬克勞林級數展開式為

$$f(x) \doteq f(0) + \frac{f'(0)}{1!}x + \frac{f''(0)}{2!}x^2 + \frac{f'''(0)}{3!}x^3 + \dots$$

$$f(x) = e^x \Rightarrow f(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f'(x) = e^x \Rightarrow f'(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f''(x) = e^x \Rightarrow f''(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f'''(x) = e^x \Rightarrow f'''(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$e^x \doteq 1 + \frac{1}{1!}x + \frac{1}{2!}x^2 + \frac{1}{3!}x^3 + \cdots$$

4. 試求 $f(x) = \sin x$ 在 $x = 0$ 的之馬克勞林級數展開式(馬克勞林級數)

SOL: 馬克勞林級數展開式為

$$f(x) \doteq f(0) + \frac{f'(0)}{1!}x + \frac{f''(0)}{2!}x^2 + \frac{f'''(0)}{3!}x^3 + \frac{f^{(4)}(0)}{4!}x^4 + \cdots$$

$$f(x) = \sin x \Rightarrow f(0) = \sin(0) = 0$$

$$f'(x) = \cos x \Rightarrow f'(0) = \cos(0) = 1$$

$$f''(x) = -\sin x \Rightarrow f''(0) = -\sin(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = -\cos x \Rightarrow f'''(0) = -\cos(0) = -1$$

$$f^{(4)}(x) = \sin x \Rightarrow f^{(4)}(0) = \sin(0) = 0$$

$$\sin x \doteq 0 + \frac{1}{1!}x + \frac{0}{2!}x^2 + \frac{-1}{3!}x^3 + \frac{0}{4!}x^4 + \cdots = \frac{1}{1!}x - \frac{1}{3!}x^3 + \frac{1}{5!}x^5 - \frac{1}{7!}x^7 + \cdots$$

5. 試求 $f(x) = \ln(x+1)$ 在 $x = 0$ 的之馬克勞林級數展開式(馬克勞林級數)

SOL: $f(x)$ 在 $x = 0$ 之馬克勞林級數展開式

$$f(x) \doteq f(0) + \frac{f'(0)}{1!}x + \frac{f''(0)}{2!}x^2 + \frac{f'''(0)}{3!}x^3 + \frac{f^{(4)}(0)}{4!}x^4 + \cdots$$

$$f(x) = \ln(x+1) \Rightarrow f(0) = \ln(1) = 0$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} \Rightarrow f'(0) = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$f''(x) = -\frac{1}{(x+1)^2} \Rightarrow f''(0) = -\frac{1}{1} = -1$$

$$f'''(x) = \frac{2}{(x+1)^3} \Rightarrow f'''(0) = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

$$f^{(4)}(x) = \frac{-3!}{(x+1)^4} \Rightarrow f^{(4)}(0) = \frac{-3!}{1} = -3!$$

$$\ln(x+1) \doteq \frac{1}{1!}x + \frac{-1}{2!}x^2 + \frac{2}{3!}x^3 + \frac{-3!}{4!}x^4 + \cdots$$

$$\ln(x+1) \doteq x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x^4 + \cdots$$

6. 利用微分公式 $df \doteq \Delta f$ 求 $\sqrt[3]{1003}$ 之近似值為(微分求近似值)

(A) 10.099 (B) 10.01 (C) 10.085 (D) 10.02

SOL:

$$(1) \text{設 } f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} \quad , \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

$$(2) \text{微分公式 } f(x + \Delta x) \doteq f(x) + f'(x)\Delta x$$

$$(3) \text{令 } x = 1000 \quad , \quad \Delta x = 3 \quad f(1000 + 3) \doteq f(1000) + f'(1000) \cdot 3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{1003} \doteq 10 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{1000^2}} 3 = 10.01$$

故選(B)

7.利用牛頓求根法估計 $\sqrt{3}$ ($x_0 = 2$) 計算至 x_2 (牛頓求根法)

SOL:

$$(1) \quad x = \sqrt{3} \quad \Rightarrow x^2 = 3 \quad \Rightarrow x^2 - 3 = 0$$

(2) 牛頓求根法之遞迴公式為

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)} \Rightarrow x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{x_n^2 - 3}{2x_n} \Rightarrow x_{n+1} = \frac{x_n^2 + 3}{2x_n}$$

(3)依序將數字代入遞迴公式

$$x_1 = \frac{2^2 + 3}{4} = \frac{7}{4} \doteq 1.75$$

$$x_2 = \frac{1.75^2 + 3}{2 \cdot (1.75)} = \frac{6.0625}{3.5} \doteq 1.732$$